- (ii) Enters into a contract to sell the cotton if the producer retains title, risk of loss, and beneficial interest in the commodity and the purchaser does not pay to the producer any advance payment amount to enter into such contract, except as provided in part 1425 of this chapter; or
- (iii) Executes Form CCC-605, Designation of Agent. Such designation:
- (A) Allows the producer to authorize an agent or subsequent agent to redeem all or a portion of the cotton pledged as collateral for a loan;
- (B) Identifies the warehouse receipts for which the authorization is given;
- (C) Expires upon maturity of the loan:
- (D) Allows agents so designated by the producer to designate a subsequent agent by endorsement of the form by the agent;
- (E) Must be presented at the time the loan is repaid at the county office or loan servicing agent where the loan originated if the agent or subsequent agent exercises any authority granted by the producer; and
- (F) May be canceled by the producer by providing the custodial office a written request signed and dated by the producer showing the name of the agent, the loan number, and the bales applicable to the Form CCC-605. The effective date of the cancellation shall be the date the request is received by the custodial office.
- (3) If loans or loan deficiency payments are made available to producers through a CMA, the beneficial interest in the cotton must always have been in the producer-member who delivered the cotton to the CMA or its member cooperative, except as otherwise provided in this section. Cotton delivered to such a CMA shall not be eligible to receive a loan or a loan deficiency payment if the producer-member who delivered the cotton does not retain the right to share in the proceeds from the marketing of the cotton as provided in part 1425 of this chapter.
- (f) If the person tendering cotton for a loan or a loan deficiency payment is a landowner, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper, such cotton must represent such person's separate share of the crop and must not have been acquired by such person directly or indi-

rectly from a landowner, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper.

(g) Each bale of upland cotton sampled by the warehouse operator upon initial receipt which has not been sampled by the ginner must not show more than one sample hole on each side of the bale. If more than one sample is desired when the bale is received by the warehouse operator, the sample shall be cut across the width of the bale, broken in half or split lengthwise, and otherwise drawn in accordance with AMS dimension and weight requirements. This requirement will not prohibit sampling of the cotton at a later date if authorized by the producer.

[61 FR 37601, July 18, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 19023, Apr. 18, 1997]

§ 1427.6 Disbursement of loans.

- (a) Disbursement of loans to individual producers may be made by:
 - (1) County offices;
 - (2) Loan servicing agent; or
- (3) An approved cotton clerk who has entered into a written agreement with CCC on Form CCC-810.
- (b) Loan proceeds may be disbursed by CCC or a servicing bank agent bank to CMA's.
- (c) The loan documents shall not be presented for disbursement unless the cotton covered by the mortgage or pledged as security is eligible in accordance with §1427.5. If the cotton was not eligible cotton at the time of disbursement, the total amount disbursed under the loan, and charges plus interest shall be refunded promptly.

§ 1427.7 Maturity of loans.

- (a)(1) Form A loans and Form G loans mature on demand by CCC and no later than the last day of the 10th calendar month from the first day of the month in which the loan or loan advance is disbursed.
- (2) CCC may at any time accelerate the loan maturity date by providing the producer notice of such acceleration at least 30 days in advance of the accelerated maturity date.
- (b) If the loan is not repaid by the loan maturity date, title to the cotton shall vest in CCC the day after such maturity date and CCC shall have no obligation to pay for any market value which such cotton may have in excess

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of the amount of the loan, plus interest and charges.

§1427.8 Amount of loan.

- (a) The loan rates for crops of upland cotton and ELS cotton will be determined and announced by CCC and made available at State and county offices.
- (b) The quantity of cotton which may be pledged as collateral for a loan shall be the net weight of the eligible cotton as shown on the warehouse receipt issued by an approved warehouse, except that in the case of a bale which has a net weight of more than 600 pounds, the weight to be used in determining the amount of the loan on the bale shall be 600 pounds. Cotton pledged as collateral for loans on the basis of reweights will not be accepted by CCC.
- (c) The amount of the loan for each bale will be determined by multiplying the net weight of the bale, as determined under paragraph (b) by the applicable loan rate.
- (d) CCC will not increase the amount of the loan made with respect to any bale of cotton as a result of a redetermination of the quantity or quality of the bale after it is tendered to CCC, except that if it is established to the satisfaction of CCC that a bona fide error was made with respect to the weight of the bale or the classification for the bale, such error may be corrected.

§ 1427.9 Classification of cotton.

- (a) References made to "classification" in this subpart shall include grade, staple length, and micronaire, and for upland cotton, leaf, extraneous matter, and strength readings. All cotton tendered for loan must be classed by an Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) Cotton Classing Office (Cotton Classing Office) or other entity approved by CCC and tendered on the basis of such classification.
- (b) An AMS cotton classification or other entity's classification acceptable by CCC showing the classification of a bale must be based upon a representative sample drawn from the bale in accordance with instructions to samplers drawing samples under the Smith-Doxey program.
- (c) If the producer's cotton has not been classed or sampled in a manner

- acceptable by CCC, the warehouse shall sample such cotton and forward the samples to the Cotton Classing Office or other entity approved by CCC serving the district in which the cotton is located. Such warehouse must be licensed by AMS or be approved by CCC to draw samples for submission to the Cotton Classing Office or other entity approved by CCC.
- (d) If a sample has been submitted for classification, another sample shall not be drawn, except for a review classification.
- (e) Where review classification is not involved, if through error or otherwise two or more samples from the same bale are submitted for classification, the loan rate shall be based on the classification having the lower loan value.
- (f) If a review classification is obtained, the loan value of the cotton represented thereby will be based on such review classification.

$\S 1427.10$ Approved storage.

- (a) Eligible cotton may be pledged as collateral for loans only if stored at warehouses approved by CCC.
- (1) Persons desiring approval of their facilities should communicate with the Kansas City Commodity Office, P.O. Box 419205, Kansas City, Missouri 64141–6205.
- (2) The names of approved warehouses may be obtained from the Kansas City Commodity Office or from State or county offices.
- (b) When the operator of a warehouse receives notice from CCC that a loan has been made by CCC on a bale of cotton, the operator shall, if such cotton is not stored within the warehouse, promptly place such cotton within such warehouse.
- (c) Warehouse charges paid by a producer will not be refunded by CCC.
- (d) The approved storage requirements provided in this section may be waived by CCC if the producer requests a loan deficiency payment pursuant to the loan deficiency payment provisions contained in §1427.23.

§1427.11 Warehouse receipts.

(a) Producers may obtain loans on eligible cotton represented by warehouse receipts only if the warehouse receipts